

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier: DOT3 Brake Fluid

Supplier Phone: (215) 234-3085 Supplier: Professional Series, LLC

Emergency Phone & Hours: (215) 234-3085 24 hrs, 7 days/week Supplier Address: 375 Ivyland Rd, Suite 8

Warminster, PA 18974 USA

Intended Use Industrial Lubricant for use in enclosed systems.

Uses To Avoid Applications that generate oil mists in air.

Section 2 - Hazard Identification

Signal Word: WARNING

Other than flammability, no specific data exists for this mixture. Hazard classifications are calculated

Hazard Classifications: Substance Or Mixture Mixture based on component information.

Eye damage/irritation (Category 2B), Aspiration Hazard (Category 2), Skin Corrosion/Irritation (Category 3),

Hazard Statements based on component information:

HAZARDS: Eye contact causes mild eye irritation. May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Skin contact causes mild skin irritation.

Precautions:

Before handling, put on eye protection, chemical resistant gloves, and cover all exposed skin. Do not allow inhalation of this material to occur. Use only with good ventilation or wear NIOSH approved organics respirator.

Pictograms: (Area to right is blank if no pictograms apply)



Other Hazards Not Resulting In Classification: May be hazardous to soil dwelling organisms.

Summary: Read entire SDS prior to use. Observe all precautions. Use engineering controls to minimize human exposure to workplace chemicals.



CAS Number

MIXTURE

Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients DOT3 Brake Fluid

% Range

Component
GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE

60 - 100

Exact percentages and component identities are being witheld as trade secrets. Occupational Exposure Levels, Toxicity, and Ecological information on components is shown in Sections 8, 11, and 12 below. Users should read and understand the entire SDS. More specific information on components will be released to medical professionals in case

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of emergency.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures:

First responders should wear clothing appropriate for industrial exposure in accordance with local codes. At a minimum, all exposed skin should be covered, and latex gloves and eye protection meeting ANSI Z87 or CSA Z94.3 should be worn. First responders should avoid contact with spilled material. Spills of this material present a slip hazard. If smoke, fumes, or airborne mist is present, first responders should use organics respirator or self contained breathing apparatus.

IF SWALLOWED: Get immediate medical attention. Call poison control center.

IF INHALED: Remove affected person to fresh air and make comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Remove contact lenses and rinse eyes with cool water. Get immediate medical attention.

IF ON SKIN: Rinse affected area with cool water. Get immediate medical attention.

IF ON CLOTHES: Do not allow skin contact with contaminated clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

IF EXPOSED: Contact physician if you feel unwell.

Most Important Symptoms ACUTE: Respiratory effects, vision effects. DELAYED: Dermatological effects.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention Difficulty breathing, dizziness, extreme drowsiness, eye irritation, loss of vision, skin rash.



Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures:

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Appropriate Extinguishing Media Avoid spraying water jet on burning hydrocarbon liquids as this may spread the fire. Use dry chemical or foam extinguishing media.

Specific Fire Hazards

Fire fighters must be protected from smoke with self contained breathing apparatus. Heavy smoke may obscure vision. Smoke may contain oxides of carbon, nitrogen, sulfur, and chlorine.

Use water spray to cool exposed containers.

Special Protective Actions

Section 6- Accidental Release Measures:

Personal Precautions

Spills present a slip hazard. Extinguish/disconnect possible sources of ignition near spill. Ensure adequate ventilation of fumes from affected area. Remove unneccesary personnel from area around spill. Prior to cleaning up, don protective gear including chemical and hydrocarbon resistant outer layer, latex or rubber gloves, rubber boots, and eye protection. Emergency responders should wear chemical and hydrocarbon resistant gear.

Environmental Precautions

Small spills may be wiped up with rags. For spills >10 litres- if possible to safely do so, contain the spilled material using diatomaceous earth and/or absorbent pads. Dike drains and prevent material from entering sewers, ditches, drains, or water courses. Place absorbed material into sealed storage containers and consult an environmental expert for proper disposal measures. Immediately report any discharges that escape containment to the local environmental authority or fire department.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Absorption with diatomaceous earth and/or absorbent pads is best. Do not use vacuum. Do not wash hydrocarbon or chemical spills away into sewers or drains. Use proper disposal methods for spent absorbents and contaminated rags or clothing.

Section 7- Storage and Handling:

Precautions for Handling

Read and understand entire Safety Data Sheet prior to handling. Wear all appropriate protective gear prior to handling. Do not allow untrained personnel to handle this product. Handle with care to avoid spillage.

Methods for Safe Storage

Store only in original containers. Store containers indoors away from heat and flames. Store in secure location with good ventilation. Keep container sealed when not transferring product. Protect from rain and extreme cold. Avoid storage of hydrocarbons near strong mineral acids or materials marked 'Oxidizer'.



Section 8- Exposure Controls/Personal Protection: Control Parameters

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No exposure limits are established for this mixture. Users should use lowest exposure value shown for components in this section.

Component Information - Occupational Exposure Limits:

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE

STEL: 6 mg/m3 TWA: 2mg/m3 WEEL: 10 mg/m3

Personal Protective Gear

Eye/Face Protection: ANSI Z87.1-1989; Gloves: Latex or Neoprene; Workers should wear safety glasses, gloves, long sleeves, long pants, hair covering, and oil resistant shoes, when handling this product.

Engineering Controls

Engineering controls should ensure adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below threshold values shown above. Pumps and handling equipment should be designed to reduce human exposure potentials to liquids being transferred from containers into closed systems.

Section 9- Physical Properties:

Appearance	Clear to Hazy Liquid	Upper Explosive Limit	Not Determined
Odor	Low Indescript	Lower Explosive Limit	Not Determined
Odor Threshold	No Data Available	Vapour Pressure	Negligible
рН	N/A oil based	Vapour Density	>1 (air=1)
Melting Point	Liquid under intended use conditions	Relative Density	0.8-0.9 kg/l 60C
Freezing Point	0 to -20	Solubility	Hydrocarbons, Alcohols
Initial Boiling Point	No Data Available	Partition Coefficient	Log KOW > 4 (mineral oil data)
Boiling Range	313C - 432C	Auto Ignition Temp	Not Determined
Flash Point	>93C	Decomposition Temp Not Determined	
Evaporation Rate	<1 (n-butyl acetate =1)	Viscosity cSt 40C <14.5 cSt 40C	



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Section 10- Physical Properties:

Reactivity May react violently if combined with strong oxidizers and heat.

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from fire, sparks, and other sources of ignition.

Possibly Hazardous Reactions None known.

> **Incompatible Materials** Strong acids and materials marked 'Oxidizer'.

Hazardous Decomposition Byproducts of combustion include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, oxides of **Products**

nitrogen, and heavy, acrid smoke.

Section 11- Toxicological Information:

Symptoms of Exposure:

Likely Routes of Exposure

Ingestion

Dermal and/or Eye exposure from handling. Intended use of product is within enclosed systems which do not generate

mist in air.

Ingestion of minimal amounts, e.g. failure to wash hands before eating/smoking, is unlikely to cause symptoms.

Swallowing of liquid product may cause vomiting and nausea.

No symptoms are expected under intended use conditions. Exposure to concentrated fumes may cause transient

Inhalation hypoxia.

Minimally irritating by dermal exposure. Eye exposure may cause transient stinging and blurred vision.

Dermal/Eye

Immediate or **Delayed Effects**

Not expected from exposure to mineral or vegetable oils.

Interactive Effects None Known

Numerical Measures of Toxicity - components (all LD/LC/EC 50 values shown below are based on animal or fish data)

Acute Oral Toxicity:

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: Non Hazardous

Acute Skin Toxicity:

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: Non Hazardous

Acute Toxicity Inhalation

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Data Available



Section 11- Toxicological Information: (continued)

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Skin Corrosion: GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: GHS Cat. 2 Skin Irritant Eye Corrosion: GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: Cat 2A Serious Irritation Respiratory Sensitization: GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Data Available Skin Sensitization: **GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: Non Sensitizing** GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Data Available **Germ Cell** Mutagenicity: GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Hazard Carcinogen: Reproductive Effects: GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Data Available



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Section 11- Toxicological Information: (continued)

Target Organ 1

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Hazard

Exposure:

Target Organ Multiple Exposure:

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Hazard

Aspiration Hazard:

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: Cat 2 Aspiration Hazard

Other Information No Other Information Available.

Section 12- Ecological Information:

Ecological Summary Hydrocarbon mineral oils, and non-petroleum oils, have low toxicity and are inherently biodegradable. See specific

information below regarding aquatic toxicity data on components.

Bioaccumulation Hydrocarbon mineral oils, and non-petroleum oils, are inherently biodegradable and have low bioaccumulation potential.

Specific information on components is shown below.

Persistance & Hydrocarbon mineral oils, and non-petroleum oils, are inherently biodegradable and are not persistant. OECD 301 values

Degradability range from 50% to 95% in 28 days.

Waste Treatment Product residues are not expected to enter publicly operated treatment works. No negative effects of this mixture are **Effects**

Mineral oils have been shown to adhere strongly to soil. Mobility is expected to be low. Soil Mobility

Other Adverse None Known

Effects

Toxicity to aquatic organisms, component information:

GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: Non Toxic Aquatic

Toxicity, Acute:



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Aquatic Toxicity,Long Term: GLYCOL ETHER MIXTURE: No Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

Ozone: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class Ior Class II ODS as defined by 40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + 8.

Section 13- Disposal Considerations:

Disposal Containers & Methods Unused material is not a RCRA hazardous waste. Mixture with other wastes may cause

classification as hazardous waste. Users must determine compliance with local, state, and federal regulations for proper classification and disposal of used oils and mixtures thereof. Suitable containers include steel and polyethylene drums and totes, for containment of used oil. Secondary containment is advised. Containers should be kept sealed and protected from rain and exposure.

Physical Chemical Properties

Affecting Disposal

Changes in physical and chemical properties during use, such as contamination with lead, zinc, or other metals, may affect classification for disposal. Used oils should be tested to determine metals content and applicable local, state, and federal regulations governing disposal of such fluids.

Improper Disposal Discharging of oily wastes into any sewer , watercourse, or unregulated drain is discouraged as

improper and may result in fines, penalties, cleanup costs, and criminal liabilitites for responsible

parties.

Precautions for Landfill Oily liquid should not be disposed in a landfill. Disposal of oily absorbents, rags, or other items into

a landfill should only be done with proper permission from local, state, and federal authorities.

Section 14- Transport Information:

US DOT 49 CFR Parts 171-180:

Proper Shipping Name Not Regulated UN/ID/NA Number: NA nonregulated

Transport Hazard Class NA Packing Group NA Labels: NA ERGCode NA

Marine Pollutant: No

IATA-DGR

IATA Proper Shipping Name Not Regulated UNNA nonregulated

IATA Class NA IATA Packing Group: NA IATA Labels NA

IMDG-CODE

IMDG Proper Shipping Name Not Regulated

IMDG UN/ID Number NA nonregulated IMDG Shipping Class NA IMDG Packing Group NA

IMDG Labels NA IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

MARPOL 73/78 Annex II

MARPOL Not available for sale in bulk marine shipments

Special Precautions None

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Section 15- Regulatory Information:

TSCA Inventory: All Components are properly registered

SARA 313 EHS No Extremely Hazardous Substances in this product

SARA 311/312 Acute Health Hazard No SARA 311/312 Chronic Health Hazard No

SARA 311/312 Fire Hazard No SARA 311/312 Sudden Release of Pressure No

SARA 311/312 Reactivity Hazard No

CAProp65 This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to

cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the

warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

REACH: All components are included in the REACH registry.

Canada WHMIS Hazard Class: Not Classified Hazardous

Other Regulations

Canada WHMIS - No hazard class

Section 16- Other Information:

Revision Date 8/1/2016

Reasons For Revision Initial GHS SDS preparation.

Sec 16 Other Info This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in good faith from the most recent information available, in

accordance with ST-SG-AC10-30-Rev5e. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use.