



Battery Terminal Protector

Version : V2.0.0.1
Report No. : GDQY20DS300-1356ME
Creation Date : 2025/10/15
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*Prepared according to UN GHS (the 10th revised edition)

1 Identification

Product identifier

Product Name	Battery Terminal Protector
Cat No.	GDQY20DS300-1
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number	1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
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2 Hazard(s) identification

Hazard classification according to GHS

Aerosols	Category 1
Aspiration Hazard	Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure; Narcotic effects	Category 3
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)	Category 2

GHS Label elements

Hazard pictograms	  
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statements

H222+H229	Extremely flammable aerosol; Pressurized container: may burst if heated
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements

◆ Prevention

P203	Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe gas.
P264	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P264+P265	Wash hands and other parts of the body (if related) thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

◆ Response

P318	IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
P319	Get medical help if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see related instructions on the label).
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P301+P316	IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P332+P317	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P337+P317	If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

◆ Storage

P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P410+P412

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

◆ Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard description

◆ Physical and chemical hazards

Extremely flammable, risk of explosion.

◆ Health hazards

Inhaled

Inhalation of the product may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by sleepiness, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of co-ordination, and vertigo. Inhalation of the product during the course of normal handling, may produce severely toxic effects; these may be harmful. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways during the course of normal handling.

Ingestion

Due to physical form of this product, considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments.

Skin Contact

The product may cause an allergic skin reaction following direct contact with the skin. The product can cause skin irritation following direct contact with the skin.

Eye

This product may cause serious eye irritation. Severe inflammation may be expected with pain following direct contact with the eye.

◆ Environmental hazards

This product is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

3 Composition/information on ingredients**Substance/mixture**

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
n-Butane	115-10-6	204-065-8	15~35
Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	10~30
Propane	74-98-6	200-827-9	10~30
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	5~20
Lithium 12-hydroxystearate	7620-77-1	231-536-5	5~20
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	232-455-8	2~10

4 First-aid measures**Description of first aid measures****General advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.

Eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.

Skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.

Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

1	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

1	Treat symptomatically.
2	Symptoms may be delayed.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Small Fire : Dry chemical or CO ₂ ; Large Fire : Water spray or fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Don't use water spray directly in the leak or safety equipment, otherwise may cause icing.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

1	Flammable: will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames.
2	Will form explosive mixtures with air.
3	Fire exposed containers may vent contents through pressure relief valves thereby increasing fire intensity and/ or vapour concentration.
4	Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
5	Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
6	May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

1	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus(MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
2	Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
3	Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

1	Avoid breathing vapours and contacting with skin and eye.
2	Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations.
3	Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
4	Emergency personnel wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective and anti-static clothing. Wear chemical impermeable gloves.
5	Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe gas.
6	Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
7	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Environmental precautions

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
2	Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	All equipment used in the work should be grounded.
2	Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
3	Spray water inhibits vapor or changes the direction of vapor cloud flow.
4	Do not allow spills to come into contact with combustible materials such as wood, paper, oil, etc.
5	Do not touch or cross spills.
6	Isolate the leak area until the gas is exhausted.
7	Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
8	Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
9	Do not use water directly to impact spills or sources of leakage.
10	Wear a cold suit when the liquefied gas leaks.
11	It is recommended that emergency personnel wear a positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and wear general work clothes.
12	A large number of leaks: The warning zone is delineated according to the area affected by the gas, and the unrelated personnel are evacuated from the crosswind and the upwind to the safe zone.
13	Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.
14	Prevent gas from diffusing through sewers, ventilation systems, and confined spaces.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

1	Avoid inhalation of vapors.
2	Use only non-sparking tools.
3	To prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam, equipment on all metal parts should be grounded.
4	Use explosion proof equipment.
5	Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
6	Wear suitable protective equipment.
7	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
8	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

1	Keep containers tightly closed.
2	Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
3	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
4	Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Component	Country/Region	Limit value - Eight hours		Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³

n-Butane	USA - NIOSH	800	1900	-	-
	South Korea	800	1900	-	-
	New Zealand	800	1900	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	1000	2400	4000	9600
	Denmark	500	1200	1000	2400
	Australia	800	1900	-	-
	USA-ACGIH	-	-	1000	-
Propane	USA - OSHA	1000	1800	-	-
	Switzerland	1000	1800	4000	7200
	New Zealand	-	-	-	-
	Ireland	1000	-	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	1000	1800	4000	7200
	Denmark	1000	1800	2000	3600
	Canada - Québec	1000	1800	-	-
	Canada - Ontario	1000	-	-	-
	Belgium	1000	-	-	-
	Austria	1000	1800	2000	3600
Toluene	USA - OSHA	200	-	300	-
	South Korea	50	188	150	560
	Ireland	50	192	100	384
	Germany (AGS)	50	190	200	760
	Denmark	25	94	50	188
	Australia	50	191	150	574
	USA-ACGIH	20	-	-	-
Acetone	USA - OSHA	1000	2400	-	-
	South Korea	500	1188	750	1782
	Ireland	500	1210	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	500	1200	1000	240
	Denmark	250	600	500	1200
	Australia	500	1185	1000	2375
	USA-ACGIH	250	-	500	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Germany (DFG)	20	140	40	280
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Germany (AGS)	-	5	-	20
	Germany (DFG)	-	5	-	20
	Romania	-	5	-	10
	Switzerland	-	5	-	-

◆ Biological limit values

Biological limit values	No relevant regulations
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◆ Monitoring methods

1	EN 14042 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.
2	GBZ/T 300 series standard Determination of toxic substances in workplace air.

| Engineering controls

1	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
4	Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

General requirement	    
Eye protection	Must wear appropriate safety goggles.
Hand protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	Appropriate respiratory protective equipment must be worn. When the oxygen concentration is unknown, a self-contained atmosphere-supplying respiratory protective apparatus must be worn.
Skin and body protection	Must wear anti static chemical protective clothing and anti static shoes.

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Red
Odor	Pungent odor
Odor threshold	No information available
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point(°C)	No information available
Initial boiling point and boiling range(°C)	No information available
Flash point(Closed cup,°C)	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Flammability	No information available
Upper/lower explosive limits[% (v/v)]	Upper limit : No information available ; Lower limit : No information available
Vapor pressure	Not applicable
Relative vapour density(Air = 1)	Not applicable
Relative density(Water=1)	0.858±0.1
Solubility	No information available
n-octanol/water partition coefficient	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature(°C)	No information available

Decomposition temperature(°C)	No information available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable
Particle characteristics	Not applicable

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reactions with metals form metal organic compounds. In contact with an open flame may cause a fire or explosion. Reacts with active metals and poses an explosive potential or fire. In contact with halogens or interhalogens may cause an explosion. In contact with halides may cause an active reaction. In contact with oxidants may cause a fire or an explosion.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.
Incompatible materials	Oxidantss and halogen. Active metal, alcohols, aldehydes, carbon disulfide, carbon, sulfur, phosphorus, boron, reducing agents, metallic acetylenes and metallic carbonates. Halides, oxidantss and halogen. Oxidants, chloroform and bromoform
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

| Acute toxicity

Component	LD₅₀(oral)	LD₅₀(dermal)	LC₅₀(inhalation,4h)
Acetone	5800mg/kg(Rat)	> 15800mg/kg(Rabbit)	76mg/L(Rat)
Toluene	636mg/kg(Rat)	12200mg/kg(Rabbit)	49mg/L(Rat)
n-Butane	No information available	No information available	658mg/L(Rat)

| Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP
n-Butane	Not Listed	Not Listed
Propane	Not Listed	Not Listed
Toluene	Category 3	Not Listed
Acetone	Not Listed	Not Listed
Lithium 12-hydroxystearate	Not Listed	Not Listed
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Not Listed	Not Listed

| Others

Battery Terminal Protector	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation(Category 2)
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation(Category 2)

Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child(Category 2)
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness(Category 3)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure(Category 2)
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways(Category 1)
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity(additional)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae
Acetone	LC ₅₀ : 5540mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 18500mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 7200mg/L (96h)(Algae)
Toluene	LC ₅₀ : 25mg/L (96h)(Fish)	EC ₅₀ : 4.1mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	ErC ₅₀ : 29mg/L (72h)(Algae)

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae
Toluene	No information available	NOEC : 1.2mg/L(Crustaceans)	NOEC : 9.1mg/L(Algae)

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)
n-Butane	Low	Low

| Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments
n-Butane	Low	Log Kow=2.89

| Mobility in soil

Component	Mobility in soil	Soil Organic Carbon-Water Partitioning Coefficient (Koc)
n-Butane	Low	43.79

| Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment [according to (EC) No 1907/2006]
n-Butane	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
Propane	Not PBT/vPvB
Toluene	Not PBT/vPvB
Acetone	Not PBT/vPvB

Lithium 12-hydroxystearate	Not PBT/vPvB
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Not PBT/vPvB

13 Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

14 Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting Label	
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IMDG-CODE

UN number	1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class	2.1
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	The packagings must conform to package instructions of UN number
Marine pollutant (Yes or no)	Yes

IATA-DGR

UN number	1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class	2.1
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	The packagings must conform to package instructions of UN number

UN-ADR

UN number	1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
Transport hazard class	2.1
Transport subsidiary hazard class	None
Packing group	The packagings must conform to package instructions of UN number

15 Regulatory information

International chemical inventory

Component	EC inventory	TSCA	DSL	IECSC	NZIoC	PICCS	KECI	AIIC	ENCS
n-Butane	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Propane	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Toluene	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Acetone	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
White mineral oil (petroleum)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Lithium 12-hydroxystearate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

[EC inventory]	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
[TSCA]	United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory
[DSL]	Canadian Domestic Substances List
[IECSC]	China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
[NZIoC]	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
[PICCS]	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
[KECI]	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
[AIIC]	Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIIC)
[ENCS]	Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances

Note:

“✓”	Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.
“✗”	No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date	2025/10/15
Revision Date	2025/10/15
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>.
- [2] IARC, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>.
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: <https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/substancesearch/index.action>.
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: <http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/>.
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>.
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://gestis-en.itrust.de/>.

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STE L	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG-CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC _x	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
P _{OW}	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	RPE	Respiratory Protective Equipment
ED	Endocrine disruptor		

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to UN GHS (the 10th revised edition). The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.